## Pruning Workshop March 12, 2016

## **Pruning Steps:**

- 1. Assess
- 2. Remove dead, diseased and broken branches
- 3. Remove crossing branches
- 4. Remove suckers and watersprouts
- 5. Reduce size if needed
- 6. Thin as needed
- 7. Final shaping cuts for aesthetic purposes



## **Resources:**

MOTES.

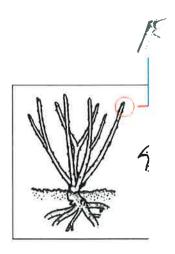
- <a href="http://plantpath.osu.edu/">http://plantpath.osu.edu/</a> Lab for analyzing plant disorders
- http://ohioline.osu.edu/ Ohio Extension Service fact sheets
- http://www.oardc.ohio-state.edu/gdd/ Ohio growing degrees calendar
- http://www.onelakewood.com/PublicWorks/Streets\_Forestry/ Forestry Division

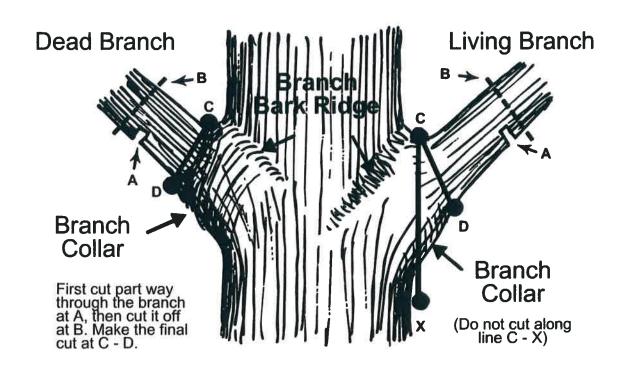
Sampling of Pla	ants that Bloom on		
Old Wood (prune after blooming)	New Growth (OK to prune in late winter)		
Azalea	Beautyberry		
Cherry	Butterfly Bush		
Forsythia	Buttonbush		
Lilac	Potentilla		
Redbud	Rose of Sharon		
Rhododendron	Roses		
Weigela	Smokebush		

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Prune back to outwardly facing buds or branches







Rejuvination Pruning				
Can prune out 1/3 of old wood	Can be cut back to the ground			
Lilac	Red Twig Dogwood			
Forsythia	Spirea			
Viburnum	Potentilla			
Rose of Sharon	Smokebush			
Burning Bush	Shrubby willows			
Weigela	Roses			